

CAUCASUS AFLAME, RIOTING RESUMED IN MANY SECTIONS

Artillery Brought Into Action to Aid Troops at Balakhany.

CITY OF BAKU AFIRE

Oil Wells Ablaze and Condition There Considered Hopeless.

TIFLIS, Russia, Sept. 7.—Reports have reached here from various parts of the Caucasus in regard to the disturbances which have occurred in that region. At Baku the rioting was resumed last night on a greater scale than ever before. An official statement has been issued announcing the situation as being serious. Among other acts of violence, the rioters fired on the house of the governor general. The latest advices from Baku say that the condition there is hopeless. The whole city is now on fire.

At Balakhany the force of soldiers is far from adequate to cope with the rioters. It was necessary for the artillery there to fire on the rioters in an attempt to subdue them.

At Bilestok, the son of a factory owner, named Krikum has been arrested as the man who last night attempted to assassinate Commissioner of Police Samsonoff.

Oil Wells Ablaze.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—The troubles at Baku continue unabated, according to the latest reports received here, and the situation, if anything, is growing worse constantly.

Over 500 oil wells are now reported to have been destroyed as the result of the policy which has been adopted by the rioting Tartars and Armenians of setting fire to the tanks and wells, and the damage is enormous. It will be a long time before operations can be resumed.

The heat from the burning wells is so intense that the troops who have been fighting the flames have been obliged to abandon their efforts. Workmen living in the vicinity of the wells have been forced to desert their homes on account of the heat and the danger of the flames spreading to their houses.

Re-enforcements for the troops, who have proved unable to deal with the fighting Tartars and Armenians, have been ordered from Tiflis to Baku by the viceroy of the Caucasus, but it is exceedingly doubtful, owing to conditions in the district, whether the soldiers, even with the assistance which has been sent to them, will be able to subdue the people, who seem bent upon exterminating each other.

Refiners' Big Loss.

Naphtha refiners at Baku declare that they have lost everything as the result of the firing of the oil wells and storage tanks.

To make the situation worse again disorders have broken out in the district Taznarog, where riotous peasants and farm laborers have been pillaging and burning the estates of landlords. The lack of troops in the district has laid the country open to the ravages of the rebels.

A telegram from Balakhany, where many of the largest oil wells in Russia are located, states that the entire place has been reduced to ashes.

It is feared that the disorders in the Caucasus may lead to complications throughout other parts of the empire and the czar may be forced to the viceroy of the Caucasus again giving peremptory orders that he must stamp out the revolting disorders in the district under these instructions the viceroy has ordered the troops which have been dispatched to re-enforce the soldiers at Baku to use rigorous measures.

Arsenal Blown Up.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—A Russian firm here has received a telegram from Baku which says that the arsenal there has been blown up. Great havoc was caused by the explosion and many casualties have resulted.

MOSBY'S GRANDSON A FEDERAL OFFICIAL

GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 7.—Spottswood Campbell, grandson of John S. Mosby, the famous guerrilla general, has been appointed clerk in the office of United States Attorney Johnson, at Ardmore, Indian Territory. Campbell is a resident of Richmond, Va.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The barometric conditions have changed but little during the last twenty-four hours. Pressure continues low over the Canadian maritime provinces, also over northern Texas and the extreme Southwest. An area of low pressure with heavy rain has appeared off the Washington and Oregon coasts.

Light rain has fallen in Missouri, Illinois, southern Kansas and Arkansas, and there have been local rains in Colorado and North Dakota.

It is somewhat warmer in the lower Mississippi valley, and an area of colder weather has appeared in the Dakotas and Montana, with a minimum temperature of 40 degrees at Williston.

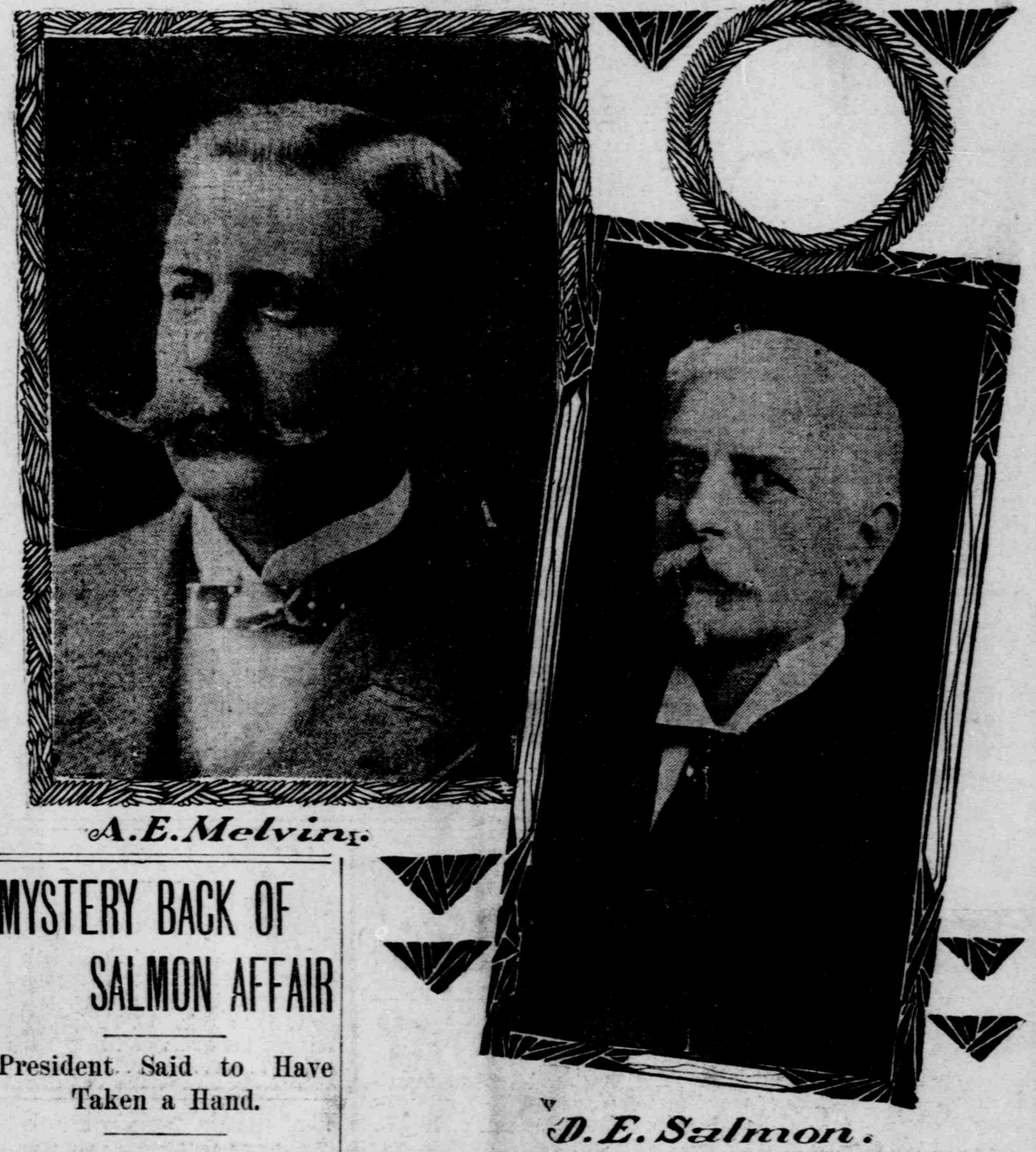
Generally fair weather is probable tonight and Friday, except in Tennessee and Kentucky, where rain is indicated. Important temperature changes are not anticipated.

TEMPERATURE.	
9	62
12	72
1	74

THE SUN.	
Sun sets today	6:22
Sun rises tomorrow	5:54

TIDE TABLE.	
High tide today	2:13 p. m.
Low tide today	8:04 p. m.
High tide tomorrow	2:17 a. m., 2:50 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow	8:07 a. m., 10:21 p. m.

RETIRING AND INCOMING CHIEFS OF THE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY, AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT



A.E. Melvin.
D.E. Salmon.

MYSTERY BACK OF SALMON AFFAIR

President Said to Have Taken a Hand.

RESIGNATION UNEXPLAINED

Authorities Refuse to Discuss Matter in Any Way—Dr. Melvin to Take Place.

There is something away down deep in connection with the administration of Dr. Daniel E. Salmon as chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry that has brought about his sudden resignation.

What the cause is, or where the trouble lies, is a matter of conjecture. Neither Dr. Salmon nor the Secretary of Agriculture will indicate just why this sudden change in the personnel of the department was made.

It is understood, however, that notwithstanding that Dr. Salmon was exonerated of any intended wrongdoing in connection with his association with the George E. Howard Publishing Company by the report of George C. McCabe, who, by direction of Secretary Wilson, conducted the recent investigation into the Bureau of Animal Industry, the opinion prevails that there are some features of the case that have been kept secret.

It is now intimated that President Roosevelt has taken a hand in the case. This fact was neither denied nor affirmed at the department today. Acting Secretary Hays dismissing the question by saying he and the Secretary had agreed not to talk on the question that brought about Dr. Salmon's resignation.

His Explanation.

In explaining his connection with the George E. Howard Publishing Company at the time the investigation was being conducted, Dr. Salmon said:

"I never made any secret of my business partnership with Mr. Howard, and it was known to the business men of the town and to the commercial agencies, and anyone who desired could at any time have easily learned who composed the firm of George E. Howard & Co."

"I did not, however, allow my name to be proclaimed as a member of the firm in such a way that it could be said that I was using my official position to obtain business for the firm, because that was a point upon which I was sensitive, and I thought the business should stand upon its own merits."

"In this, as in all other matters with which I have been connected since I have been in this Department, my first intention has been to do what was best for the bureau work and to protect its interests and reputation."

Famous Veterinarian.

Dr. Salmon has an international reputation as a veterinary surgeon, and has been dean of the veterinary department of the George Washington University for a considerable period.

Dr. Melvin, who, it is said, will succeed Dr. Salmon as chief of the bureau, was exclusively announced in The Times of yesterday, having been appointed to the Bureau of Animal Industry since December 1918. On July 2, 1895, Dr. Melvin was appointed chief of the inspection division, and on January 1, 1899, as assistant chief of the bureau.

Dr. Melvin was born at Mt. Sterling, Ill., October 28, 1852. He attended the public schools of his native town, and afterward took a course in the Chicago Veterinary College, Chicago, Ill., from which he graduated in 1880, and was almost immediately appointed as an inspector under Dr. Salmon.

He has had much experience in the bureau's affairs, and in 1899 was sent to England to inspect the conditions of cattle and cattle carrying vessels from the United States.

Subsequently he was in charge of the meat inspection at Chicago, Ill., but since July 1, 1899, has been connected with the office of the chief of the bureau.

Whether Dr. Melvin will get the permanent position or not will not be announced until after Secretary Wilson's return from his Western trip.

JAPANESE STONE VENERABLE TO

Marquis and Edward H. Harriman Attacked and Jeered by Mob Dissatisfied With Terms of Portsmouth Treaty.

POLICE SCATTER INFURIATED THROG AND NO INJURY RESULTS

During Demonstration Cries Against America Were Frequent—United States Blamed for Losing Indemnity.

TOKYO, Sept. 7.—Marquis Ito, Japan's foremost statesman, and for years the idol of the populace, and Edward H. Harriman, the American railway magnate, were stoned in the streets here today by a mob. Neither was injured.

The demonstration is regarded as a manifestation of the intense bitterness with which the Japanese people have received the news of the peace terms agreed upon at Portsmouth.

The mob has burned the residence of the minister of the interior, Yoshikawa Akimasa.

JAPANESE STATESMAN JEERED.

When Marquis Ito and Mr. Harriman appeared today together, a crowd of thousands gathered. Leaders in the rioting of yesterday were in the crowd, and they began the jeering at the Japanese statesman.

Marquis Ito took the matter coolly, however, until some one threw a stone at him. In a moment the crowd had transformed itself into a wild mob, and many missiles were thrown. The police heard of what was happening, and charged the mob, soon dispersing the people.

Ito's Unpopularity.

Marquis Ito is blamed more than any one else for the acceptance of Russia's conditions in the peace terms, and, in view of the temper which has been manifested by the people at the outcome of the Portsmouth conference, the demonstration against him was not so remarkable.

The demonstrations which have been held in the past for the loss of an indemnity by Japan, and this may account for the attitude of the mob assumed toward the American financier.

Threats were made against him during the demonstration that he was to be killed. During the demonstration it was worthy of notice that cries against America were frequent.

Situation Calmer.

While there have been a number hurt in the anti-peace demonstrations, the situation now is quiet, and no further trouble is feared. Nevertheless, the government is prepared to deal with any disorders.

It seems to be the general impression here that Mr. Harriman will succeed in getting valuable concessions and contracts with the government.

The Harriman party includes E. H. Harriman and family, R. P. Schwerin, vice president of the Pacific Steamship Company; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goetz, and others. They are the guests of the American Minister and Mrs. Griscom at the legation.

The demonstrations which have been planned in their behalf include dinners by the premier, the minister of finance, Baron Kato, and a garden party by Baron Suwaki.

It is altogether likely that a determined effort will be made to oust the Katsura ministry when parliament meets, which will be soon after Baron Komura reaches here with the peace terms.

Information Spars.

Possibly public opinion will become more definite when the government informs the people of the actual results of the Portsmouth conference. As yet no information has been given out regarding the final adjustment of the most serious issues.

Telegrams from Kobe, Nagoya, Osaka, Sasebo, Kanazawa, the prefectures of Ise, and Tokuma express the popular dissatisfaction and dejection over the result. The minor radical papers have thrown off all restraint, and pronounce the peace settlement the greatest humiliation the country has ever suffered.

They even advise a refusal to ratify the treaty, through various expedients. Few flags are appearing in the capital. In some instances where enthusiastic citizens have displayed flags, their neighbors have advised their removal.

The higher middle classes, including commercial and financial men, remain strangely silent, but their disappointment is evident. The stock market, reflecting the attitude of depression, declined sharply at the opening today, and trading was sluggish. The bulk of the people continue apathetic, while the hostility of the radicals grows.

Riot Kills Two.

There was rioting here Tuesday night in connection with the dissatisfaction over the results of the peace settlement.

There were several clashes with the police, and it is estimated that two persons were killed, and over 500 were wounded. The rioting ceased at midnight.

Police stations were the only property destroyed.

The government is silent. The conservative elements predict that the country will approve the settlement when the conditions are thoroughly understood. They declare that the present

Taggart, Enraged, Turns on Smyser

Accuses Him of Cowardly Conduct.

KIDNAPER CROWE SHOOTS POLICEMAN

Outlaw Fights Way to Freedom in Omaha.

ENGAGED IN PISTOL DUEL

Believed to Be Wounded and in Hiding—Fought Eight Men.

WOOSTER, Ohio, Sept. 7.—Judge Smyser, attorney for Mrs. Taggart, is usually tenacious in continuing his cross-examination of Major Taggart. The major is held to the witness stand this morning, while the attorney is trying to present a new phase of the scrap between the major and his wife. The major tells the story over and over again with a minuteness of detail and a sadness which is puzzling and disappointing to the astute attorney.

"Major, you admit that Mrs. Taggart's sleeves were torn that night?"

"Yes."

"You admit that you tore them?"

"They were torn in the scuffle, when Mrs. Taggart was trying to get away from me. She tore them as much as I."

"Now, you had hold of her then in the hall, and you slapped her?"

"I slapped her gently in the hall, before I could get her to tell me who she had been with."

Rehearsed Scrimmage.

"Major, you and I are pretty good friends, after all. I don't believe a little close contact will make either of us angry. Suppose we take hold of arms here just about the same way you had hold of Mrs. Taggart and show the court, if we can, just how you did that slapping."

Judge Smyser and Taggart grasped arms, facing each other. Taggart tapped the attorney on the cheek very lightly.

"That's about all there was to our scrimmage," said the major.

"Do you know what Shanghai whisky is?"

"Yes."

"How much did you take home from China?"

"I brought two cases from China and gave them to an officer in the United States."

"You used to be in the habit of telling vulgar stories to your wife and to Miss Shiel, didn't you?"

"No sir; I never told any vulgar stories."

That Judge M. L. Smyser used his position as a member of Congress to obtain the court-martial of Taggart was the accusation which Taggart hurled at the head of the attorney from the witness stand today. Taggart partially lost his temper, and talked to the judge for several minutes.

"Your position in the matter was that of a scandalous villager. The letters you wrote the War Department were vile and mean. They contained misrepresentations. Your attack was cowardly and made under cover of your position."

Smyser had a letter which he wrote to the War Department which Taggart pronounced worse than the one he had seen in the War Department letters. Judge Smyser did not retaliate in words, for the attack which came unexpectedly from the major, and he made no denial.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 7.—Pat Crowe, supposed kidnaper of Eddie Goddard, had a desperate battle with the Omaha police last night, and is thought to be seriously wounded and to have taken refuge in a block of high weeds.

Crowe was assisted in his fight by a comrade, thought to be a horse thief named Johnson, of Missouri.

Policeman Jackson is lying at the hospital badly wounded, with a bullet through the body, the result of a shot fired by Crowe. After being shot, the plucky policeman lay on the ground, drawing his gun, and battled with the two desperadoes until he fired all his bullets, and then fainted from loss of blood.

After the shooting, Crowe and his comrade escaped.

Found at Last.

For three weeks Crowe has been known to be loitering around Omaha. For the past week twenty-four officers have been detailed to watch for the noted kidnaper.

Crowe, who knew Crowe by sight, and Policeman Lehey, who is known to Crowe, met Crowe and his partner in the city. Lehey slipped into a doorway and was unseen. The two desperadoes boarded a South Omaha car, and Jackson did the same, first whispering to Lehey that it was Crowe, and that Lehey was to secure help and follow.

Soon Crowe and his partner left the car and entered a saloon, Jackson did the same and stood within a few feet, ducking. The two men left the saloon, with Jackson close behind. Just then a street car stopped, and seven policemen jumped off.

Crowe saw in a minute that he was trapped. He turned with a revolver in his hand, and fired at Jackson. His partner also opened fire on the police.

Jackson fell at the first fire, and, lying directly under an electric light, became the target for Crowe's bullets, but he answered bullet with bullet until he fainted.

Meanwhile, Crowe's companion and the policemen were firing at each other, and Crowe joined his friend both men backing toward the weeds followed by the police, a fusillade of shots being fired. Finally the two fugitives gained the weeds and disappeared.

ROOSEVELT AND FAMILY ENJOYING A PICNIC

OYSTER BAY, Sept. 7.—President Roosevelt and his family are enjoying a picnic today. Early this morning they started away from the J. West Roosevelt place in a flotilla of three rowboats, headed in the direction of Lloyd's Neck. They will not return before evening.

\$1.25 to Baltimore and Return, \$1.25.

Pennsylvania Railroad, Saturday and Sunday: tickets good on all trains except Congressional Limited, and good for return until Sunday night.—Adv.

DAUGHTER DISCOVERS FATHER A SUICIDE

Enters Parent's Room to Find Him Lying Dead on Bed—Gas Caused Death.

After knocking on the door repeatedly and getting no response, Miss Bertie Brooke entered her father's room about 10:30 o'clock this morning and found her parent, John W. Brooke, lying across the bed dead.

Both gas jets were turned on and the room was full of gas, immediately showing the mode of death.

The deceased is survived by his widow, and three sons, James W. Jr., C. E. and Charles W. Brooke.

NELLIE WAS MARRIED UNDER CUCUMBER ARCH

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 7.—In preparation for her wedding day, Miss Nellie Caring Arnois, of this city, grew a natural arch of wild cucumber vines during the summer, under which she was married to Robert Merten Ford, of East Freetown.

The ceremony, which was conducted by the Rev. Dr. W. A. Robinson, was witnessed by 150 guests, who assembled on the large lawn in front of the house at 100 West Hanford street. It was one of the most unique weddings ever witnessed in this section of the country.

CHINESE BOYCOTT IS PRACTICALLY ABANDONED

Consul General Rodgers cables the State Department from Shanghai as follows:

"The general opinion is that the boycott is practically abandoned here, at least for the present, and the latest reports from other parts of China indicate that the situation in respect to the boycott against American goods is much improved."

State Department officials are much encouraged over the improvement in the boycott situation. It is now openly admitted that Secretary Taft's visit to China has important bearing on the boycott, and that he is acting under directions from his President in visiting Amoy province and Shanghai. He is acting as a special envoy to allay anti-American feeling.

SMALLPOX HOLDS THESE PRISONERS IN JAIL

Smallpox is a bad thing for some people whether they have the disease or not. This is particularly true of the prisoners in the District jail just now.

Today there are twelve inmates whose terms have expired, but they will not be released because they have been exposed to the contagion. Their detention after they have served their sentences has been legalized by order of the Supreme Court of the District. The order of Health Officer Woodward, who stated that the release of the prisoners who have been exposed to smallpox in the jail would be prejudicial to the health of the residents of the city.

LAST \$6.00 SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

Via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets will be sold Friday and Saturday, September 8 and 9, good returning until Tuesday, September 12 inclusive, at rate of \$6 for the round trip to Atlantic City, Cape May, Wildwood, Ocean City or Sea Isle City. This is the last of the seashore excursions for the present season. Atlantic City tickets good via Delaware river bridge.—Adv.